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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/988,251	11/19/2001	Mitsuru Nakajima	1506.1014	8391	
21171	7590 03/24/2005		EXAMINER		
STAAS & HALSEY LLP SUITE 700 1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W.			GODDARD, BRIAN D		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	ON, DC 20005		2161		
			DATE MAILED: 03/24/2009	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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•		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	_	09/988,251	NAKAJIMA ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Brian Goddard	2161				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communications Reply	n appears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address -	-			
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicative period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a ron. a reply within the statutory minimum of thin beriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become AE	eply be timely filed by (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communica SANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.			
Status							
1)[🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	03 January 2005					
2a)□		This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for al		ers, prosecution as to the merits	s is			
·	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
5)□	Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the applicate 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 1-12 is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and content and c	hdrawn from consideration.					
Applicat	ion Papers						
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Example The drawing(s) filed on 27 May 2004 is/ard Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the of The oath or declaration is objected to by the	e: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ object o the drawing(s) be held in abeyar orrection is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	` '			
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
а)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docur 2. Certified copies of the priority docur 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International B	ments have been received. ments have been received in A priority documents have been ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage				
Attachmen		م المعادية الم	Nummery (PTO 442)				
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94)	8) Paper No(s	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date				
3) 🔲 Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S or No(s)/Mail Date	· [-]	nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

- 1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 3 January 2005 has been entered.
- Claims 1-12 are pending in this application. Claims 1-3 and 6-12 are independent claims. In the Amendment filed 3 January 2005, claim 12 was added.
   This action is non-final.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

3. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,873,080 to Coden et al. in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,230,204 to Fleming, III (Hereinafter 'Fleming').

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Referring to claim 1, Coden discloses an information search system as claimed.

See Figures 1-7 and the corresponding portions of Coden's specification for this disclosure. Coden teaches an information search system [See Fig. 1] comprising:

an information storage unit [database 150] which stores a plurality of pieces of search target information [multimedia information 151];

a searching unit [Search Engines 162-166] which searches, when a user [125] specifies a search condition [query (See Figs. 4 & 6)], for a piece of search target information [multimedia information 151] satisfying the search condition from plural pieces of search target information in the information storage unit [in database 150];

a calculating unit [Combiner 170] which calculates [See step 740] a fitting value [rank value] indicating how much the search target information satisfies the search condition about the respective pieces of search target information searched by said searching unit in accordance with a fitting value calculation procedure [ranking algorithm] specified by the user [See column 12, lines 26-35 and column 9, line 54 - column 10, line 23]; and

a result-of-search presenting unit [See column 10, lines 57-59] which presents, to the user, at least a part of information that forms each piece of search target information searched by said searching unit [result list 380 (See step 760)] together with the fitting value [See column 10, lines 20-59 and column 12, lines 26-46] calculated by said calculating unit with respect to that piece of search target information.

Coden does not explicitly disclose the storage of personal information with respect to each of a plurality of users and information indicating that the pieces of

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search target information are searched by the user, nor an outputting unit which outputs...the personal information on each user by whom the piece of search target information is searched as claimed.

Fleming discloses a search and retrieval system similar to that of Coden, wherein personal information [personal information and demographic information 920] with respect to each of a plurality of users [910] and a plurality of pieces of search target information [information resource(s) or resource(s) of interest] are stored in an information storage unit [121], information indicating that the pieces of search target information are searched by the user [See Figs. 3-7 & 9] are stored in the information storage unit, and the personal information on each user by whom the piece of search target information is searched when a piece of search target information is specified is output [See Figs. 9-10] as claimed. Fleming lists a number of reasons for using this tracking information for tracking the interest of users in certain resources in the Background of the Invention section (See columns 1-2). These include monitoring loads on system resources, charging usage fees, and collecting demographic information for advertisers so they can adjust their targeting of advertisements accordingly.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to add Fleming's personal information storage and user interest tracking functionality to the system and method of Coden to obtain the invention as claimed. One would have been motivated to do so for the reasons provided by Fleming

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as discussed above, in order to track the interest of users in the specific resources offered up by Coden's database.

Referring to claim 2, Coden v. Fleming discloses the information search system as claimed. See Figures 1-7 and the corresponding portions of Coden's specification for the details of this disclosure. Coden v. Fleming teaches "an information search system [See Fig. 1] comprising: an information storage unit [See claim 1 above]...; a calculating unit [See claim 1 above]...; an extracting unit [application of result viewing object (See step 720)] for extracting the search target information of which the fitting value calculated by said calculating unit satisfies a predetermined condition [condition(s) set by the user (See disclosure of combiner 170)], out of the plural pieces of search target information... [See claim 1 above]; a result-of-search presenting unit [See claim 1 above]...; and an outputting unit... [See claim 1 above]" as claimed.

Referring to claim 3, Coden v. Fleming discloses the information search system as claimed. See Figures 1-7 and the corresponding portions of Coden's specification for this disclosure. Coden v. Fleming teaches "an information search system [See Fig. 1] comprising:

an information storage unit which stores...[See claim 1 above]... search condition defining information [query specifications] for defining a search condition [query] with respect to each of the plurality of users [users 125], and fitting value calculation procedure defining information [rank algorithm definition] for defining a procedure for calculating a fitting value [rank value] indicating how much the information searched

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under the search condition defined by the search condition defining information satisfies the search condition [See above];

a searching unit [See claim 1 above]...;

a calculating unit [See claim 1 above]...;

a result-of-search presenting unit [See claim 1 above]...; and

an outputting unit [See claim 1 above]..." as claimed.

Claim 4 is rejected on the same basis as claim 2, in light of the basis for claim 3 above. See the discussions regarding claims 1-3 for the details of this disclosure.

Referring to claim 5, Coden v. Fleming discloses the information search system as claimed. See Figures 1-7 and the corresponding portions of Coden's specification for this disclosure. Coden v. Fleming teaches the information search system according to claim 3, as above, wherein the plural pieces of search target information contain first type search target information [first media type (e.g. text)] permitted to be browsed [not restricted out by the result viewing object 350] by the one of the users, and second type search target information [second media type (e.g. image)] inhibited to be browsed [restricted out by the result viewing object 350 (See columns 9-12)] by the one of the users,

said searching unit searches for the search target information from the first type search target information contained in the plural pieces of search target information, and said information search system further comprises... [See claim 4 above].

Claims 6 and 8 are rejected on the same basis as claim 1. See the discussion regarding claim 1 above for the details of this disclosure.

Claims 7 and 9 are rejected on the same basis as claim 2. See the discussion regarding claim 2 above for the details of this disclosure.

Claim 10 is rejected on the same basis as claim 3. See the discussion regarding claim 3 above for the details of this disclosure.

Claim 11 is rejected on the same basis as claim 1. See the discussion regarding claim 1 above for the details of this disclosure.

4. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Coden in view of Fleming as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,946,678 to Aalbersberg (cited in non-final Office action of 27 February 2004).

Coden v. Fleming teaches an information search system, comprising: an information storage unit...[See claim 1 above];

a searching unit [See claim 1 above] searching for information based on user specified search target information and maintaining a history of searches carried out by each user [See contribution of Fleming in combination of claim 1 above];

a calculating unit [See claim 1 above] calculating a synthetic fitting value [Coden: 'combined rank' for a document (See column 12, lines 26-35 and column 9, line 54 - column 10, line 23)] and a plurality of type-based fitting values [rank for each 'part' of a document (See column 12, lines 26-35 and column 9, line 54 - column 10, line 23)] for every item searched, using fitting value calculation procedures specified by the user; and

a search summary unit [See claim 1 above] presenting, for each search the search target information used, results generated by the search, and the synthetic fitting value calculated for each result.

Neither Coden nor Fleming discloses presenting (by the search summary unit) "a plurality of fitting values calculated for each result" as claimed. That is, Coden only presents one fitting value, the "synthetic fitting value", along with the search results, but does not present the other fitting values for the individual parts of each document.

Aalbersberg discloses a system and method similar to those of Coden and Fleming, wherein a plurality of type-based fitting values are calculated [for each piece of search target information (i.e. 'car', 'europe' & 'sales')], a synthetic fitting value is calculated as a combination of the type-based fitting values [overall rank], and all of the above fitting values are presented along with the search target information used for each result [See Figs. 2-4 & corresponding portions of Aalbersberg's specification]. Aalbersberg's motivation for presenting all of the fitting values for each search result is to provide the user with additional information pertinent to how each piece of search target information (part of the query) individually contributes or relates to the overall ranking of each result. See the Background & Summary sections of Aalbersberg's specification for this disclosure.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate Aalbersberg's presentation of all fitting values, type-based and synthetic, into the combination of Coden and Fleming to obtain the invention as claimed. One would have been motivated to do so in order to provide the user with

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additional information pertinent to how each piece of search target information (part of the query) individually contributes or relates to the overall ranking of each result, as disclosed by Aalbersberg.

## Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 3 January 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Referring to applicants' remarks on page 9 regarding the Section 103 rejection of the independent claims: Applicants repeated arguments asserted in the After-Final submission of 1 December 2004, reasserting that, "the figures of Fleming III on which the Examiner relies to not illustrate information output by Fleming III."

The examiner disagrees for the following reasons: The portions of Fleming's disclosure cited by applicants are broad, introductory descriptions of Figures 9 and 10. The conclusion applicants have drawn from this piecemeal analysis (that Fleming does not 'output' the information in Figs. 9 & 10) is simply unfounded in these, or any other portions of Fleming's specification. Although Figs. 9 and 10 are directed to 'examples', these 'examples' clearly show display of the information therein. First, in Column 11, line 30 et seq. Fleming explicitly states that information shown in Fig. 9 is **displayed**. This explicit disclosure flies in the face of applicants' conclusion altogether. Second, even absent this disclosure by Fleming, one of ordinary skill in the art would clearly understand the information in Fleming's Figs. 9-10 to be displayed, or at least output in some manner, because this is the express purpose of Fleming's invention. Again, the

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examiner reasserts the response to applicants' arguments in the advisory action of 14

December 2004.

Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to

applicant's disclosure.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Brian Goddard whose telephone number is 571-272-

4020. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 9 AM - 5 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Safet Metjahic can be reached on 571-272-4023. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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bdg

15 March 2005

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